(Issued Tuesday and Friday.)

ESTABLISHED1813 STARK COUNTY DEMOCRAT.

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> Canton, Ohlo. DAILY MORNING NEWS.

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The Republican brethren are girding their loins for the final fray on the 11th.

It is whispered that Hon. John C. Welty will fire a political broadside at the Lincoln banquet at Kenton on Wednesday.

Evidence of how the home influence is tending in the contest against predatory wealth was demonstrated at the Saturday matinee at the opera house, when a play based upon the machinations of machine politics was staged. The mention of Roosevelt's attitude in this particular brought forth prolonged applause. In the evening, when the feminine element did not so predominate the approval of the audience was not so emphatic. The home influence is evidently with the president.

A REMARKABLE INTERVIEW.

The New York World on Sunday published an interview with J. Pierpont Morgan given the editor of La Petit Journal of Paris, in which the financier is quoted in regard to the present stringency. The interview in part is as follows:

"Yes, it is all a social question, (the present stringency), just as in Europe. The time has come when the Why should they all unbidden question is to be settled. I want to nettle it," he said.

After having talked about the industrial situation, depression and its outlook for the future, Mr. Morgan said he thought this depression is very useful, and he did not care to see it relieved at all just now.

In other words, then, Mr. Morgan, this crisis will serve to crush the power of the workmen. You will use it for reducing wages. But will the Federation oppose?"

"They are unable. Industry is partly stopped. "They will go on strike."

"Strike! They (the workingmen) have got no jobs now. There are no stocks on hand, you know. We do not want to take up work again now. So what can they do? They will have to submit, or they will starve. The question is to be settled. They are to learn that they cannot control indus-We want wages that will make honest and profitable business pos-

"So then the real causes of the cri sis are much deeper than I supposed. They are of a social kind. They are, in fact, due to the necessity of bringing the struggle between employers and employes to a definite result?"

Mr. Morgan seemed anxious to be the champion of social order against socialism and even against unionism. He looked at me with half-closed eyes, as though contented with having given me an insight into the innermost heart of events.

This interview, if proven correct, will verify the statements of President Roosevelt that the present "panic" is the result of a conspiracy of the rich to attempt to control the government. It is one of the most daring and remarkable statements ever given publicity from such a source.

A PRAISEWORTHY ACT.

Although not the first act of the session worthy of commendation, the Ohio senate is to be commended and congratulated for adopting the resolution favoring the initiative and referendum amendment to the constitu-

In its amended form the resolution is pitifully crippled. The provision for court review of enactments by direct vote is a grievous error of and an insult to the people of the state. It is an admission that the sourts ,created by the people, are supreme over the people, superior to their creators, and such a provision falls but little short of establishing an oligarchy consisting of the judiclary of the state. Senator West probdid not mean it to be so, but that is the certain effect of his amend

ment, if it is left in the resolution. It is not too late to strike out that indefensible feature of the resolution. The other amendments are not so ma-Serial, and it would be better to have the initiative and referendum in Ohio with such restrictions (except surrender of supreme power to the sourts) than not to have it at all.

The main principle involved is right and the senate deserves credit showing such a large majority favor of direct legislation.—Colum-

A STATEMENT TO REPUBLICAN VOTERS.

Editor Merning News:- During the east few days there have been circuare distributed and articles in the newspapers setting forth reasons why John B. Kagey, of Louisville, should be nominated by the Republicans as Auditor of Stark county.

At the first glauce, the figures given therein seem correct and logical, but after a careful perusal you find them

in the first place the figures he gives

upon the status of affairs for a number of years past, when Alliance has not had an auditor for 26 years.

In the second place by quoting the tax duplicate values, and using that as a basis of representation, Mr. Kagey has the presumption to place him self as the immediate representative of all Stark county outside the cities of Cauton, Massillon and Alliance which is manifestly incorrect.

How could he by any form of rea soning represent Lexington, Marlboro and Washington townships when they immediately surround and transact all business at Alliance, or how does he represent Canton, Perry, Tuscarawas, Lawrence, Sugar Creek or any of the other townships except Nimishillea and those townships immediately surrounding it?

After noticing the above deception, stop and consider that this was the man, who four years ago tried to disrupt the Republican party by maliclous opposition of a well known and time-honored maxim of all parties that an honer and capable official is entitled to the nomination for a second term at the hands of his party.

There are four instances of this at the present time when the treasurer, sheriff, probate judge and common pleas judge are all candidates for re nomination for a second term without opposition.

And now this is the same man who opens his article as If he was the apostle of harmony in the Republican

Writing this with the desire of get ting the facts before the people. I am M. W. OBERLIN.

Chancellor Day at the Bridge. Chicago Record-Herald. Then out spake Chance Day boldly, His words were full of nate: To every trust that ships by rail Let there be some rebate; And how can men do better Than, facing maddened mobs.

Who cheats and wrecks and robs?

Let not the rabid ravings Of them that think it pest To stop the ones who plunder Be spoken of in jest!

Uphold the rich law breaker

Come butting in the game? Down with the hateful meddlers And cover them with shame!

Up, then, oh, malefactors, And also birds of prey; Why quake while I am ready

To keep the foe at bay? I'll bite them and I'll scratch them And all the world shall see With what unyielding valor the The bridge is kept by me.

WANTED-A representative in this ounty by a large real estate corpora-Special inducements to those who wish to become financially interested. The Real Estate Security Co. Fort Dearborn Building, Chicago, Ill.

POLISH IMMIGRANTS.

They Have Spread Over the Great Cities of the West.

The Polish immigrants have spread over our great West, and the cities of Buffalo, Chicago, Milwaukee, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Philadelphia, Detroit and Toledo are the main centers in which they congregate.

In Chicago alone there are more than 250,000 of them, forming the largest Polish city in the world after Warsaw and Lodz. They come from all sections of the former commonwealth, but principally from Galica-They are, in general industrials, frugal and soon amass a competency.

Comparatively few professional men or members of the upper social classes have come to this country except for political reasons, as the love for the fatherland is so strong in the Polish heart, although a few such spirits as Modjeska and her husband have lived here.

With all their national love for ceremony and social intercourse, the American Poles have many organizations through which they satisfy their social and military instincts.

The Polish National Alliance, educational and benevolent, with a membership of over 50,000 is the strongest of these organizations, but there are many others with more limited fields.

In the United States the Polish national government is conducted un der the auspices of this Polish National Alliance (Zwinnzek Narouowy Polski). The membership of this organization is increasing at the rate of from 6,000 to 7,000 a year.

The alliance has nothing to do with party politics, but aims primarily to make the Polish residents of the United States good citizens of the land of their adoption without forgetting their Polish tongue and traditions.

It endeavors to perpetuate the knowledge of the Polish language, literature and history, and to lend organized assistance to the cause of Polish independence in Europe.

In the Alliance building in Chicago is published the "Zgoda," the official organ of the Alliance, a well-edited weekly magazine with a circulation of 50,000.— "Poland, a Knight Among

Big Steel Furnace in Operation. The first heat from the immense steel furnace of the Shull Steel Cast ing and Manufacturing Co. was poured Saturday and weighed eight and onehalf tons. The metal was run into molds which had been prepared the fore part of the week by a large gang of men. Thirty men are at work at the furnace and it is said that the company has enough orders to keep them busy for some time to come

The molten metal was drawn from the furnace into a big 15-ton ladle and th's, with the aid of a great crane was carried about the molding floor and the hot metal run off. The work was witnessed by several of the officers of

Work for 250 Mon at Stark Mill. This morning three more sheet mills and the bar mill at the Stark Rolling mill will resume operations giving emloyment to 250 or more men, many of whom have been out of employment for more than two months. The other mills at the plant that have been idle will continue so as it is said the mill is ahead of its orders.

The trial of the Italians arrested last Tuesday for threatening to kill Mike Altire, an East Ninth street saloonkeeped, upon his refusal to pay them money, was held in Mayor Turnbull's court Saturday afternoon.

Sam Dominic, alleged to be the lead. er and the prime mover in the extor-tion affair, was bound over to the grand jury and his bond was fixed at James Phillipo was held as a witness in the sum of \$500. Neither of the men were able to furnish the required bond and they were taken to the county fail.

The trial was interesting and May or Turnbull held that there was sufficient evidence to hold the men to the grand jury. The other men implicated in the affair, who were arrested, were released as the evidence against them was too meagre to hold

Phillipo stated on the witness stand that he had been sent to Altire with demands by Dominic and a man named Joe, who had escaped from the officers when the arrest was made. He said he had been told on several occasions to go to Altire for money and that if it was refused he was to kill Altire. His testimony implicated Dominic to a great extent.

Dominic on the stand denied everything concerning the affair. He stated that he had never asked Altire for money or had never requested him to join the Black Hand society. His story was not given much credence by the officials.

Mr. and Mrs. Altire were on the stand and told the same story that they did to the police when the Italians were taken into custody. Several other Italians were also examined and they said that they had heard Dominic approach Altire with demands for money. One of the Altire girls stated on the witness stand that Dominie had said, "I'll fix your father," when he met her the Sunday before the arrests were made.

The police think they have a good case against the man and will try to gain more evidence before the meeting of the grand jury in May.

No More Kowtowing,

The Chinese censor has memoralialized the throne on the necessity of abolishing the degrading custom of high native ministers of the crown kowtowing and addressing or replying to their majesties on benued knees Kowtowing has been a fruitful scheme for discussion and controversy ever since the nations of the west first invaded the shores of the great central kingdom. Hitherto the question concerned only those who came from foreign lands on diplomatic or other missions. No one for a moment thought of suggesting that the kowtow was a degrading custom so far as the Chinese high officials themselves were concerned. The kowtow before the throne consisted in kneeling three times and touching the ground with the head thrice at each genuflexion. Western diplomats and others in China have not been in the past unanimous in their oposition to the performance of the kowtow, but the British representatives from the first have consistently refused to submit to

it. Lord Macartney, who arrived in China in 1793 as the head of the first British Embassy, when presenting his credentials would only consent to emperor. Over twenty years elapsed before the second British mission arrived in China. The question of the kowtow was again raised, and as a result of his refusal to perform the ceremony Lord Amherst was never officially received by the emperor, who issued an imperial edict to the effect that the British ambassador had not observed the rules of politieness in vogue in the Celestial Empire.-Wash-

Derailed Car Blocks Street Railway Lines

Traffic on the South Market street section of the city street railway lines was beld up last night by car No. 404 of the South street and Pennsylvania lines getting off the track at the corner of Market and Tuscarawas streets. The south bound cars were held up for nearly 30 minutes before the track was finally cleared.

Every man who rises above the common level receives two educations the first from his instructors. the second, the most personal and important, from himself.

Heaven's gates are not so highly arched as king's palaces; they that enter there must go upon their knees.

Drinking Men Not Wanted

The above sign is now seen in many shops and offices in this city, because drinking men are unreliable. Competition is too keen and life is too strenuous for an employer to keep men on his payroll whose nerves are unsteady and whose brains are

Every line of business is beginning to close its doors to drinking men-Drunkenness is a disease and like most diseases, has its remedy. Or rine is the reliable treatment and is sold under a positive guarantee to effect a cure or your money will be effect a cure or your money will be refunded. Gerine is in two forms; No. 1 which can be used without the patient's knowledge in tea coffee or foot; and No. 2 for those who wish to be cured

The guarantee applies to both forn

Results In Burning to Death of Many Children

REMEDIES SUGGESTED

Thirty-six women and children were burned to death in Ohio during last year from matches igniting clothing. Of those who suffered death in this its most horrible form, 30 were children playing with matenes which had been left lying about and 6 were women whose clothing was ignited by glowing sticks of flying match heads.

This does not include five mothers who died from having their clothing ignited while trying to save their burning children. The number of buildings fired by children with matches was 118, but that, comparatively, seems unimportant.

The following are typical stories of these accidents:

"Cleveland Leader:-Rosa Telack of 3181 E. 65th St., died yesterday from burns. The child was playing with matches which she had obtained in her mother. Her dress was ignited."

"Mrs. Alice Heffron, 609 Literary Road, attempted to light the gasoline stove and the head of the match flew off. She sat down failing to notice that the small firebrand had nestled in the folds of a cotton cloth hanging on the chair. Her clothing ignited, burning her so horribly that she died at midnight."

'Niles. O., Oct. 12:-Chiles Roel, the four-year-old son of Charles Reel, died Saturday morning from burns. The little follow's clothing was discovered in flames. Just before he died, he said: 'Mamfna, I don't want any more matches."

Twice as many children and women were burned seriously or dangerously in the same way. The mortality was greatest in children of four. All were under eight. In the United States each year the number of persons burned to death by the "parlor" match, which can be lighted on any hard surface, ranges from 800 to 900. This does not include those caught and burned in buildings fired by matches.

INFLAMMABLE CLOTHING.

The liability of the cottons, from which the clothing of women and children are largely made, to take fire and burn them to death deserver gen eral and serious consideration. To the 46 dead from their clothes being ligneed by matches add 16 by stoves, 32 by grates and 30 children playing with fire. This shows 124 dead in the year in Ohio from the ignition of cotton

A professor in Scotland has found by experiments that fiannelette, which is muslin with a nap raised on it, is no more and no less dangerous than ordinary muslin or calleo.

The easy and effective way to term inate this slaughter of the innocents by roastink is to screen open fires and for women to demand that cotton goods for wearing be fire-proofed by the manufacturers.

Perhaps 30 years ago the chemist n Bellevue Hospital Medical College New York, lost a boy from his pinafore taking fire. The processor, by experiment, found that phosphate of ammonia used to saturate cottons made them permanently fire-proof and spent years in efforts by lectures and pammills to use it.

TO SAVE LIVES.

The fireproofing can be done in the web or after the goods is made up. The Scientific American supplies the following recipes: For light woven fabrics: Sulphate of ammonium 8 parts by weight, carbonate of ammonium 2½ parts, borax 2, boracic acid 3, starch 2, water 100. This is the German method which has stood the test especially well.

The United States Consul at Nottingham, England reports: meeting of the society of dyers at Manchester titanic acid was claimed to possess remarkable fireproofing qualities. An inciplent fire in fiannelette smouldered and went out re fusing to burst into flame." Cloth treated with any one of these combinations will smoulder but cannot blaze Boiling does not remove the chem-

icals and the cost of so fireproofing linens, muslins and calloos is but oneseventh of a cent a yard.

Let us hope that in the near future the "parlor" match will be displaced by the "safety" which, because it can be lighted only on the box, will be kept in it and will not be thrown about in reach of children. In the meantime, teach the children the old nursery rhyme:

The dog bites, the kitty scratches, Fire burns and so do matches." And put the matches in metal boxes natied above the reach of an eight-

> D. S. CREAMER. State Fire Marshal

Canton Firm Gets Contract.

year-old.

Lisbon, Feb. 9 .- The board of cour ty commissioners has let the contrac to the Central Concrete Construction Co., of Canton, for the erection of bridge in Madison township, near Yellow Creek road, at a cost of \$412.

The structure is to be built of steel and concrete, will be 15 feet long and 12 feet wide at the top. The sides will be guarded by metal rails. The plans for the bridge were drawn by City Engineer Morris French of Salem.

Criminal court jury at Jeffersan re-turned indictment of assault with Intent is main against John O'Brien, business agent of the Clevsiand Structural Iran Workers' union. Outcome of strike dif-ficulty at Ashtabula.





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CANAL FULTON.

Canal Fulton, Feb. 7.-Rev. W. A. Alsbach and family arrived in town on Thursday and are pleasantly located in the Reformed parsonage. He reached his first regular sermon Sun-

day morning. Mrs. J. F. Leighter, of Ostego, Mich., s visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. C. A. Brown.

N. W. Myers received a message from Sandusky on Thursday announcing the serious illness of his neice, Mrs. Cora Elliot Bender, formerly of this place. Mr. and Mrs. Myers left at once for the bedside of the sufferer.

Herman Landrock and M. S. Oliver returned on Tuesday from a six weeks stay at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George B. Fulton, at North Baltimore. Russell Fisner enjoyed a two days

stay with friends at Massillon. past week has been very critical Towphlets to get the New England cotton ever, an improvement is noted in his condition.

Daniel Harman and D. M. Kirk are harvesting a supply of ice for the com-

Howard Porter, of Crestline, engineer on the P. F. & C. Railroad was in town Wednesday. Daniel Harman fell on the ice and

broke an arm at his home yesterday tended. morning. Dr. Dissinger was summoned and attended to the injured mem-

BOLIVAR.

Bolivar, Feb. 6.-James Rennels of Alliance, enjoyed Sunday with his par. ents and friends. Miss Eva Lebold, of Wooster, was

home with her mother several days of last week. Earl Detrich took the Stark county

examination at Canton, Saturday. Miss Bertha Seikel, of Dover, spent last Saturday and Sunday with her sister, Mrs. William Kohl.

Miss Hattle Gibler returned home Sunday after a pleasant four weeks visit with her cousin Opal Godell, of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Bixler, of Pitts-

burg, were the guests of his parents The third number of our lecture

course was an interesting lecture by George L. McNutt on "The Dinner Pail Man." Revival meetings are still in progcos at the M. E. church with success.

Mrs. Louisa Streb, of Canton, spent

last Sunday with her sister and father of this place. Nick Hawk, of Alliance, was a Bollvar caller last Sunday.

MAGNOLIA.

Magnolia, Feb. 7.-Mrs. Cara B. wife of D. L. Mellvary, was found dead in her bed by her husband Wednesday morning. Heart failure was the Len Weiley, of Denver, Col., on his

trip to Pittsburg, stopped off at Mag-nolis, calling on F. P. Chaddock and

tor Cooper, four miles south of Mag Mrs. Douglas Gotschaft is convaled

cent after her long slege of sickness.

Mr. and Mrs. Heppingberger were called to Cambridge, owing to the death of Mrs. Heppinberger's sister. ties Fanny Kemp.

NEW ALEXANDER.

MONEY TO LOAN MONEY TO LOAN MONEY TO LOAN

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NOTICE.

The Stark County Board of School Examiners will hold meetings for examination of Applicants for teachers certificates on the first Saturday of each month. High school lists will be given at each examination. Applicants for special certificates should notify the clerk at least ten days before the examination.

Examinations of public under section

aturday of April and the second Batur-ay of May.

Applicants should be present not later han 815 in the morning. They should avoide themselves with penholders and ens. The Board will furnish ins and T. J. TEEPLE, Clerk, Massillon.

CARL H. MEYER, Canton, JNO. H. FOCHT, Canal Fulton. Marcelius Smith's was well attended. Mr. Smith will move on the Elston farm, which he has purchased.

Mrs. Emmet Pieren is quite sick. Dr. C. R. Daily's condition during the Taylor is the attending physician, Mrs. Emmons, residing east of town. s quite ill.

Jack Dingling is going to move on the William Davis farm north of town. Miss Dora Barnes, of Alliance is spending a few days with her aunt, Amanda Barnes. The oyster dinner given by the

members of the bible class of the Disciple church, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Reamer, was well at-Eugenne Ruff, of Alliance, spent sev-

eral days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Ruff and other relatives. The team of ponies sold at Marcellus Smith's sale Monday, brought \$350.

MINERVA.

Minerva, Feb. 7.-Mrs. Sarah Neel has been very ill with heart trouble the past two weeks. Harry Rue is ill with inflammatory

Revival meetings are in progress at the Church of Christ, conducted by the pastor, Rev. A. A. Wharton, Mre. Rachel Knee has been ill with

the grip. Miss Vera Dennis, of Canton, is visiting her grandparents.

The local agency of the Canton

Morning News has been placed with Miss Jettle Fishel.

Kent Man Loses Right Leg. D. A. Horn, a well known grocer of Kent, was brought to this city last week suffering from a compound fracture of the right leg. The bone was so shattered that there was no chance of its mending and amputation was deemed necessary. The operation was per-formed at the Ingleside hospital by Drs. Schilling, Chamberlain and Siffert The patient stood the shock well and is expected to recover. The injury was the result of a fall from a wagon ome weeks ago.

Good results are seldom accidental. They are usually thef ruits of a nobie

